

## Claims

1. (ORIGINAL) A method of producing an antiandrogen-drug-resistant cancer cell line that expresses a mutant androgen receptor, which comprises culturing cancer cells sensitive to a specified antiandrogen drug in the presence of said antiandrogen drug, selecting a cancer cell line showing proliferation, analyzing the base sequence of the androgen receptor gene in said cancer cell line and selecting a line in which a mutation has occurred in said sequence.
2. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the mutation site agrees with a clinical mutation site that appears due to administration of said antiandrogen drug.
3. (AMENDED) A method of claim 1 for producing an antiandrogen-drug-resistant cancer cell line that expresses a multiple-mutant androgen receptor, which comprises culturing cancer cells that express a mutant androgen receptor and are sensitive to a specified antiandrogen drug in the presence of said antiandrogen drug, selecting a cancer cell line showing proliferation, analyzing the base sequence of the mutant androgen receptor gene in said cancer cell line and selecting a line that has shown a different mutation in said sequence.
4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 3~~, wherein the antiandrogen drug is flutamide or an analogue thereof or bicalutamide or an analogue thereof.
5. (ORIGINAL) A cancer cell line that expresses a mutant androgen receptor, which is obtained by the method of claim 1.

6. (ORIGINAL) A cancer cell line that expresses a multiple-mutant androgen receptor, which is obtained by the method of claim 3.
7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The cancer cell line of claim 5 ~~or 6~~, which further comprises a gene under the control of an androgen-responsive promoter that permits expression analysis.
8. (ORIGINAL) The cancer cell line of claim 7, wherein said gene is the prostate-specific antigen gene or a foreign reporter gene.
9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of screening for an antiandrogen drug that exhibits antagonistic action on the mutant androgen receptor expressed in the cancer cell line of claim 5 ~~or 6~~, which comprises culturing said cancer cell line in the presence of a test substance.
10. (ORIGINAL) A method of screening for an antiandrogen drug that exhibits antagonistic action on the mutant androgen receptor expressed in the cancer cell line of claim 7, which comprises culturing said cancer cell line in the presence of a test substance, and analyzing the expression of the gene under the control of then androgen-responsive promoter in said cancer cells.
11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An antiandrogen drug that exhibits antagonistic action on a mutant androgen receptor, which is selected by the method of claim 9 ~~or 10~~.
12. (ORIGINAL) A method of screening for an antiandrogen drug having no or little potential to induce resistant cancer, which comprises culturing cells of an androgen-sensitive cancer in the

presence of a test substance and examining over time the appearance of a cancer cell line capable of proliferating under said conditions.

13. (ORIGINAL) An antiandrogen drug having no or little potential to induce resistant cancer, which is selected by the method of claim 12.

14. (ORIGINAL) The antiandrogen drug of claim 13, which has no or little potential to induce a mutation in an androgen receptor.

15. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage, which comprises the antiandrogen drug of claim 11 ~~or 13~~.

16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage in a mammal, which comprises administering an effective amount of the antiandrogen drug of claim 11 ~~or 13~~ to said mammal.

17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Use of the antiandrogen drug of claim 11 ~~or 13~~, for the production of an agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage.

18. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The cancer cell line of claim 7 ~~or 8~~, wherein the androgen-responsive promoter is a PSA promoter.

19. (ORIGINAL) The method of screening of claim 10, wherein the androgen-responsive promoter is a PSA promoter.

20. (ORIGINAL) A kit for evaluating antiandrogen drug responsiveness of transcription factor activity of an androgen receptor or for screening an androgen receptor modulator, which comprises as a component thereof, mammalian cells containing a gene under the control of a PSA promoter that permits expression analysis.

21. (ORIGINAL) The kit of claim 20, wherein the mammalian cells further expresses a specified androgen receptor.

22. (ORIGINAL) The kit of claim 20, wherein a plurality of PSA promoters are tandemly ligated.

23. (ORIGINAL) The kit of claim 20, wherein the gene that permits expression analysis is a prostate-specific antigen gene or a foreign reporter gene.

24. (ORIGINAL) A method of evaluating antiandrogen drug responsiveness of transcription factor activity of an androgen receptor, which comprises bringing said androgen receptor and a specified antiandrogen drug into contact with mammalian cells containing a gene under the control of a PSA promoter that permits expression analysis, and analyzing the expression of said gene.

25. (ORIGINAL) A method of screening for a modulator of a specified androgen receptor, which comprises bringing said androgen receptor and a test substance into contact with mammalian cells comprising a gene under the control of a PSA promoter that permits expression analysis, and analyzing the expression of said gene.

26. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 24 ~~or 25~~, wherein the contact of the androgen receptor is accomplished by the expression of said receptor in the mammalian cells.

27. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 24 ~~or 25~~, wherein a plurality of PSA promoters is tandemly ligated.

28. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 24 ~~or 25~~, wherein the gene that permits expression analysis is a prostate-specific antigen gene or a foreign reporter gene.

29. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An isolated protein comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as the ~~following~~ amino acid sequence of (a) or (b):

(a) ~~an~~ the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, in which tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine ~~in the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:2, or~~

(b) ~~an~~ the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, in which tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine or cysteine and threonine at amino acid number 882 is substituted by alanine ~~in the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:2,~~

or a salt thereof.

30. (ORIGINAL) A partial peptide of the protein of claim 29, which comprises at least a partial amino acid sequence corresponding to a region necessary for binding with an androgen in a normal androgen receptor, or an amide thereof or an ester thereof or a salt thereof.

31. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleic acid sequence that encodes for the protein of claim 29 or the partial peptide thereof ~~of claim 30~~.

32. (ORIGINAL) The polynucleotide of claim 31, which is a DNA.

33. (AMENDED) The polynucleotide of claim 31, which has the following nucleic acid base sequence:

(a) ~~a~~ the nucleic acid base sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, in which the base at base number 2237 is substituted by thymine ~~in the base sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, or~~

(b) ~~a~~ the nucleic acid base sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, in which the base at base number 2237 or 2238 is substituted by thymine and the base at base number 2644 is substituted by guanine ~~in the base sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1.~~

34. (ORIGINAL) A diagnostic agent comprising the polynucleotide of claim 31.

35. (ORIGINAL) The diagnostic agent of claim 34, which is for the diagnosis of hormone-independent cancers.

36. (ORIGINAL) A recombinant vector comprising the polynucleotide of claim 31.

37. (ORIGINAL) A transformant transformed with the recombinant vector of claim 36.

38. (ORIGINAL) An animal cell having an ability to produce the protein of claim 29.

39. (ORIGINAL) The animal cell of claim 38, which is a cancer cell.

40. (ORIGINAL) The animal cell of claim 39, wherein the cancer cell is a cell derived from prostate cancer.

41. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of producing the protein or the salt thereof of claim 29, or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide, thereof or the ester, thereof~~ or the salt thereof of ~~claim 30~~, which comprises culturing the transformant ~~of claim 37~~ or the animal cell expressing said protein under suitable conditions and for suitable time as of claim 38 to allow the same to produce the protein of claim 29 or the partial peptide thereof ~~of claim 30~~.

42. (AMENDED) A method of screening a compound that alters the ~~bindability~~ binding of an androgen and the protein or the salt thereof of claim 29 or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide thereof or the ester thereof or the salt thereof of claim 30~~, or a salt thereof, which comprises using the protein or the salt thereof of claim 29 or the partial peptide or the amide thereof or the ester thereof or the salt thereof of claim 30.

43. (AMENDED) A kit for screening a compound that alters the bindability of an androgen and the protein or the salt thereof of claim 29 or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide thereof or the ester thereof or the salt thereof of claim 30~~, or a salt thereof, which comprises the protein or the

salt thereof of claim 29 or the partial peptide ~~\_ or the amide thereof or the \_ ester thereof or the~~  
~~salt thereof of claim 30.~~

44. (ORIGINAL) An agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage and the androgen-independent stage, which comprises a combination of two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs that exhibit anti-androgen action on different mutant androgen receptors.

45. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The agent of claim 44, wherein one of the two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs is selected by the method of claim 9 ~~or 10~~.

46. (ORIGINAL) A method for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage in a mammal, which comprises administering, to said mammal, an effective amount of each of two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs that exhibit an anti-androgen action on different mutant androgen receptors.

47. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 46, wherein one of the two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs is selected by the method of claim 9 ~~or 10~~.

48. (ORIGINAL) A method for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising combining  
~~Use of~~ two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs that exhibit an anti-androgen action on different mutant androgen receptors, for the production of an agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent.



49. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method use of claim 48, wherein one of the two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs is selected by the method of claim 9 ~~or 10~~.

50. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An antibody against the protein or the salt thereof of claim 29 or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide, thereof or the ester, thereof or the salt thereof of claim 30,~~ which does not recognize a normal androgen receptor protein or a salt thereof.

51. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An isolated antibody which binds to ~~against~~ a protein comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as in SEQ ID NO: 2 wherein ~~an amino acid sequence in which~~ tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine or cysteine in the amino acid sequence ~~represented by SEQ ID NO: 2,~~ or a salt thereof, and wherein said antibody ~~which does not recognize~~ does not specifically bind, or binds with much less affinity a protein comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as in SEQ ID NO: 2 wherein ~~an amino acid sequence in which~~ threonine at amino acid number 882 is substituted by alanine in the amino acid sequence ~~represented by SEQ ID NO: 2,~~ or a salt thereof.

52. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An isolated antibody which binds to ~~against~~ a protein comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as in SEQ ID NO: 2 wherein ~~an amino acid sequence in which~~ threonine at amino acid number 882 is substituted by alanine in the amino acid sequence ~~represented by SEQ ID NO: 2,~~ or a salt thereof, and wherein said antibody ~~which does not recognize~~ does not specifically bind, or binds with much less affinity a protein comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as in SEQ ID NO: 2

~~wherein an amino acid sequence in which~~ tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine or cysteine in the amino acid sequence ~~represented by SEQ ID NO:2~~, or a salt thereof.

53. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The antibody of claim 50, which is a neutralizing antibody that suppresses a transcription factor activity of the protein ~~of claim 29~~.

54. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A diagnostic agent comprising the antibody of ~~any of claims~~ claim 50 to 52.

55. (ORIGINAL) The diagnostic agent of claim 54, which is for the diagnosis of transition of hormone-sensitive cancers to the androgen-independent stage.

56. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound that alters the binding ~~bindability~~ of an androgen and the protein ~~or the salt thereof of claim 29~~ comprising the same or substantially the same amino acid sequence as the amino acid sequence of :

(a) the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, in which tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine, or

(b) the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, in which tryptophan at amino acid number 746 is substituted by leucine or cysteine and threonine at amino acid number 882 is substituted by alanine.

or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide, thereof or the ester, thereof or the salt thereof of claim 30,~~  
~~or a salt thereof,~~ which can be obtained using the method of screening of claim 42 ~~or the kit for~~  
~~screening of claim 43.~~

57. (ORIGINAL) A pharmaceutical agent comprising the compound or the salt thereof of claim  
56.

58. (ORIGINAL) The pharmaceutical agent of claim 57, which is an agent for the  
prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage and the  
androgen-independent stage.

59. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of quantitating the mRNA that encodes the protein  
of claim 29, which comprises using a polynucleotide which encodes for such protein ~~the~~  
~~polynucleotide of claim 31~~ or a portion thereof, in a screening assay.

60. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of quantitating the protein or the salt thereof of  
claim 29 or the partial peptide, ~~or the amide, thereof or the ester, thereof or the salt thereof of~~  
~~claim 30,~~ which comprises using the antibody of ~~any of claims~~ claim 50 to 52.

61. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A diagnostic method for transition of hormone-sensitive  
cancers to the androgen-independent stage, which comprises using the quantitation method of  
claim 59 ~~or 60.~~

62. (ORIGINAL) A method of classifying antiandrogen drugs, which comprises distinguishing antiandrogen drugs, which permits generation of a resistant cancer cell line that expresses the same mutant androgen receptor by the method of claim 1, as one group, from the group consisting of antiandrogen drugs that permits generation of a resistant cancer cell line that expresses a different mutant androgen receptor.

63. (ORIGINAL) An agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage and the androgen-independent stage, which comprises a combination of two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs classified into different groups by the method of claim 62.

64. (ORIGINAL) A method for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage in a mammal, which comprises administering, to said mammal, an effective amount of each of two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs classified into different groups by the method of claim 62.

65. (ORIGINAL) Use of two or more kinds of antiandrogen drugs classified into different groups by the method of claim 62, for the production of an agent for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-dependent stage or the androgen-independent stage.

66. (ORIGINAL) A method for the prophylaxis/treatment of hormone-sensitive cancers in the androgen-independent stage, which comprises administering, to a mammal in which a cancer resistant to an antiandrogen drug that falls under one of the groups classified by the method of claim 62 has developed due to long-term administration of an effective amount of said

antiandrogen drug, an effective amount of an antiandrogen drug that is classified into a different group.

67. (NEW) An antiandrogen drug that exhibits antagonistic action on a mutant androgen receptor, which is selected by the method of claim 10.

68. (NEW) The method of claim 25, wherein the contact of the androgen receptor is accomplished by the expression of said receptor in the mammalian cells.

69. (NEW) The method of claim 25, wherein a plurality of PSA promoters is tandemly ligated.

70. (NEW) The method of claim 25, wherein the gene that permits expression analysis is a prostate-specific antigen gene or a foreign reporter gene.